

Сборник лексических текстов.

I курс.

I семестр.

1. Introduction. Marriage. Family.
2. Appearance. Character. Fashion. Clothes.
3. Home. Flat.
4. Meals. Cooking.

Fill in the gaps with either food or meal.

1. Breakfast is the first ... of the day.
2. Rice is the main ... in many Asian countries.
3. Are you in the habit of having a rest after a ... ?
4. The English call a midday ... lunch while the Russian call it dinner.
5. Why don't you eat? Your ... is getting cold.
6. I hate to have my ... at a restaurant.
7. You ought to take the pills before ... three times a day.
8. The ... in the restaurant is always fresh and tasty.
9. The English are fond of good plain

II семестр.

5. Shopping for Food. Shopping for Consumer Goods.
3. Explain the meaning of the words with the prefixes *over-* and *under-*. Use them in the sentences of your own.

Example: a) She was overdressed for the occasion – She was wearing all her diamonds and a long black dress at the supermarket.

b) He was underpaid – He was not given all the money he had earned.

- a) overcrowded, overpopulated, overslept, overweight, over praised, overdone.
- b) underdressed, underdone, underdeveloped, underestimated, underpopulated.

4. Express in one word.

1. Clothes worn on the beach are called...
2. Jeans and jumpers are clothes used for...
3. Clothes for mothers-to-be are called...
4. A person who draws a design is a...
5. The material that has no pattern is called...
6. A suit which is made by a tailor is a...
7. A suit which is bought in a shop is a...

5. Complete the following sentences as in the example.

Example: A friendly person likes to make friends.

- 1 A _____ person follows new trends.
- 2 A _____ person likes to follow traditions.
- 3 A _____ person doesn't follow fashion.
- 4 A _____ person likes to wear new styles.

6. Consult the dictionary and explain the difference between *style* and *fashion*.

7. Put the verb, *match*, *suit*, *fit*, *go with* into each of these sentences. Explain the difference.

1. The blue dress her properly now she's lost some weight.
2. The blue of her dress the blue of her eyes.
3. The blue dress the girl with the blonde hair.
4. Your shirt your skirt.

8. Put the nouns *cloth* or *clothes* into each of these sentences.

1. I like to buy ready-made
2. What kind of ... is your dress made of?
3. We call a ... any material made by weaving or a piece of this material used for special purposes.
4. Her ... were out of fashion.
5. Cut this ... into two pieces.
6. She know how to wear her

9. Supply the best word or words.

1. How long does it take you to ... in the morning?

- a) get dressed b) dress up c) dress yourself
2. You can't go to the interview jeans and an old jacket!
a) dressed with b) dressed in c) dressed up
 3. Just a minute! I must have a shower and before we go out.
a) change b) exchange c) choose
 4. You'd better your coat before you go out into the cold.
a) wear b) dress in c) have on d) put on
 5. that blue dress to see if it suits you.
a) Test b) Try on c) Probe
 6. I can't go out in this shirt. I've all day.
a) dressed in it b) had it on c) got dressed in it
 7. The doctor asked me to my shirt
a) put off b) take off c) take out
 8. We got John a new for his job interview.
a) costume b) suit c) suite
 9. How much would you expect to pay for pair of men's
a) socks b) stockings c) tights
 10. They won't let you into the restaurant without a ?
a) cravat b) tie c) umbrella
 11. These are the I work in.
a) clothing b) clothe c) clothes
 12. Your collar looks very tight. Why don't you your tie?
a) loose b) lose c) loosen
 13. It was so early in the morning that she answered the door in a
a) dressing gown b) robe c) dress
 14. How much in the window?
a) is that trouser b) are those trousers c) are those pantaloons

B

1. You often find these on shoes. . . . a) shoelaces b) cordons
2. 36 . . . is a woman's chest measurement. a) bust b) breast
3. Items of clothing that go together are a) assorted b) matching
4. You're having a suit made, so you have a a) fitting b) fit
5. If it's the right size for you, it . . . you. a) fits b) suits
6. If something looks good on you, it . . . you. a) matches b) suits
7. Up-to-date clothes are a) fashionable b) chick
8. Clothes you feel easy in are a) comfortable b) convenient
9. Jackets are often . . . with satin. a) lined b) doubled
10. A silk blouse is made . . . silk. a) of b) with
11. If everyone's wearing it, it must be in a) mode b) fashion
12. Shoes are usually made of a) skin b) leather
13. A stylish piece of clothing may be a) snob b) elegant
14. You often make curtains out of heavy . . . a) stuff b) material

10. Paraphrase the sentences. You may use the proper prompts from the box.

1. Barbara's clothes are always up-to-date,
in other words... a) slim-fitting
2. These clothes are not expensive b) reasonably priced
3. We have a large number of
different clothes c) to be dressed in the latest fashion
4. The pajamas are usually not tight d) to have a good selection of clothes
5. The skirt and the top go well together,
so they are... e) to be in fashion
6. Silk and satin are not "in" this year,
it means that these materials are not... f) suitable for this year's fashion
7. You see a lot of skirts and blouses this
year. This means that they are g) matching

11. Explain the meaning of the following words and word combinations:

tailored clothes, long sleeved sweater, hand-made shirt, man-made sole, leather upper, high-heeled shoes, be fashion conscious, look outdated.

12. Answer the questions using the words from the topical vocabulary.

1. What kind of shirts do you prefer to wear?
2. How is your new jacket fastened?
3. What things can you use for your nails, cheeks, lips?
4. With what do you brush your hair?
5. What do you put in if you want a nice wave in your hair?
6. What do you use for cleaning your teeth?
7. With what do most men shave?

13. Match the adjectives with the proper nouns.

- | | | | |
|------------------|-------------|------------------|----------|
| 1. high-heeled | a. pullover | | |
| 2. short-sleeved | b. shoes | | |
| 3. V-necked | c. hat, cut | | |
| 4. striped | d. taste | | |
| 5. stylish | e. skirt | | |
| 6. modern | f. Design | 7. sophisticated | g. Shirt |

6. Having Things Done.

7. Leisure. Theatre. Cinema. Television.

8. Education in Gr. Britain.

Revision.

LEXICAL TEST

I. Choose the appropriate word.

1. There is a rise in popularity of Afro ...
a) hair-dos b) hair-styles c) fringes
2. The clothes are too large. They must be ...
a) narrowed b) altered c) repaired
3. Here is a quite fashionable three-piece...for your husband
a) set b) suit c) costume
4. I found him washing his shirts in the campus ...
a) launderette b) bathroom c) refectory
5. A faded blouse can be ...
a) stretched b) renewed c) dyed
6. Nowadays they have ways of ...stains without leaving any traces.
a) cleaning b) dyeing c) removing
7. If your soles are coming off, you go to the ...
a) tailor's b) dyer's c) shoemaker's
8. The goods are laid out on the ...
a) floor b) counters c) carts
9. When an article is good we say that it is of good ...
a) supply b) quality c) expense
10. When we buy a good article and very cheap we say it is a ...
a) reduction b) discount c) bargain
11. If you return a faulty item back to the shop you get a ...
a) pay b) cheque c) refund
12. If you are trying to keep fit you prefer ...meat to fat.
a) skimmed b) tinned c) lean
13. In department stores customers are usually welcome to examine and try on ...

a) goods b) objects c) materials

14. The meal was really ..., we got at least six courses - all for ten pounds.

a) a bargain b) valuable c) costly

15. Sales staff are trained to be ...

a) helpful b) humble c) obtrusive

16. Place providing various kinds of indoor sports is called ...

a) entertainment centre b) sports centre c) club

17. A very popular type of series that is usually based on the daily life of a family or community is called ...

a) play b) drama c) soap opera

18. The Royal Shakespeare Company ... at the Barbican in London and in Stratford-on-Avon.

a) plays b) tours c) performs

19. There is a ... over there giving the forthcoming attractions.

a) notice b) advertisement c) poster

20. A person who shows you to your seats in the theatre is called ...

a) barrister b) usher c) ticket-collector

21. A student at a university who has not yet taken his first degree is ...

a) sophomore b) senior c) undergraduate

22. Someone who has left school before finishing studies is called a ...

a) truant b) dropout c) commuter

23. At the end of every year students write ...

a) theses b) yearly essays c) dissertations

24. At the lectures students write ...

a) assignments b) synopses c) reproductions

25. At the university students sometimes are caught with ... and punished.

a) lagging behind b) cribs c) prompts

26. People responsible for handing out students' documents are ...

a) subdeans b) secretaries c) monitors

27. If someone misses lectures and wants to have good marks he has to ... with the program.

a) cope b) catch up c) pass

28. A postgraduate course ends with ...

a) exam b) composition c) oral

29. Jane ... the rack with family-size cartons of cornflakes indifferently.

a) passed b) passed down c) examined

30. She thought that she had to ... with a loss of time.

a) agree b) put up c) fight

II. Insert prepositions where necessary.

1. This jacket is tight ... the shoulders.

2. Will you make a suit ... me ... the 15th of May?

3. Just trim my hair ... the sides and back. Don't take anything ... the top.

4. I had my dress cleaned ... the local multiple services place and waited ... 7 days to get it back.

5. The barber usually begins ... a haircut and finishes ... shaving ... the client's beard.

6. Is it possible to dye my dress ... blue ... brown?

7. These jackets are reduced ... price.

8. There's normally a label ... a jacket.
9. I took it ... to the shop to complain.
10. I paid the money ... the cashier ... all my purchases.
11. Is anything wrong ... your sweater?
12. Is there anything interesting... TV today?
13. Would you like to collect stamps ... your future child?
14. We often spend time ... trifles.
15. Many people find it interesting to work ... charity nowadays.
16. TV-sets cut us ... from the real world.
17. My favorite occupation is gazing ... space.
18. Mr. Smith is keen ... theatre.
19. They first went ... the box-office and asked ... two seats... the orchestra.
20. The acting in particular was very good and ... the end... each act the audience applauded...the actors greatly.

III. Change the words given on the right into the required derivatives that fit the meaning of the sentence in the same line.

Model: Be careful. The road is slippery. SLIP.

1. What is the of the Baltic Sea? DEEP.
2. The police started the immediately. INVESTIGATE.
3. What is his status? MARRY.
4. She was raised in the orphanage. She hasn't got any RELATE.
5. He was given five years of PRISON.
6. They have television so much that there is hardly ever anything really interesting to watch. COMMERCE.
7. Andy usually difficulties because he has no sense of danger at all. ESTIMATE.
8. Jim never does what he says, he isn't a very person. RELY.
9. This museum doesn't charge for on Sundays. ADMIT.
10. This battery is CHARGE.
11. He has never won this COMPETE.

IV. Find pairs of synonyms.

beauty parlour, match, shop window, spin, hairdo, costs, trolley, to have the suit laundered, receipt, set, priceless, cheque, expensive, to have the suit washed, squeeze, cart, expenses, hairstyle, display, saloon, regulate, fit, poster, band, stage, talk, orchestra, screen, placard, chat.

V. Find pairs of antonyms.

Sell, waste, lengthen, cheap, put on, push, failure, expensive, pull, save, buy, take off, shorten, success, negative, loose, soloist, blues, lazy, minor, positive, boring, choir, jazz, tight, major, interesting, diligent.

TEST

I Fill in prepositions or adverbs where necessary.

1. Call me Alex ... my Christian name.
2. We used to manage ... the minimum of comfort.
3. They come ... age ... 21 in Great Britain.
4. His wife is related ... the Royal Family.
5. Try to keep ... touch ... the old friends.
6. She was a plump woman ... her late forties.
7. He came to the wedding ... old jeans ... patches.
8. She is ... special diet because she is overweight.

9. The sweater was made ... wool.
10. Her clothes are ... fashion.
11. What a nice dress she was having ... at the party.
12. Keeping ... with the fashions can be very expensive.
13. Then mini-skirts became fashionable and women could wear a skirt 20 cm ... the knee.
14. The house was painted ... blue and faced ... the road.
15. You can't always judge ... looks.
16. A good friend can be always relied
17. She was good ... organizing home.
18. I find it hard to get ... with touchy people.
19. Father got angry ... the boys.
20. I just feel nervous ... my exam tomorrow.
21. He always speaks ... a loud voice.
22. A detached house is a kind of house which is not joined ... any other house.
23. You can see a lovely carpet in the middle ... the room, some pictures ... the walls ... the piano.
24. We pay ... the room \$ 30 ... a month.
25. She opened the door and showed me

II Fill in the gaps choosing the suitable word or phrase.

1. When your child is 12 months it is called
a) a toddler; b) a kid; c) a baby;
2. My daughter ... age last year.
a) reached; b) got to; c) came of;
3. He is married now but two years ago he was
a) divorced; b) single; c) childless;
4. Unlike his brother, who's rather thin, he's tall and
a) well-shaped; b) narrow-hipped; c) stout;
5. Before boiling potatoes you should ... them.
a) stuff; b) peel; c) chop;
6. She never goes to the tailor. She wears everything
a) casual; b) ready made; c) practical.
7. How much would you expect to pay for a pair of men's
a) bikini; b) tights; c) trunks;
8. The skirt and the top go well together. So they are
a) fitting; b) sophisticated; c) matching;
9. He was eager to know the details of the case. He looked
a) ambitious; b) inquiring; c) confident;
10. His father had a very high opinion of himself. He was
a) bossy; b) arrogant; c) boastful;
11. People who lose their temper quickly are called
a) straightforward; b) unbalanced; c) violent;
12. People who help others are
a) generous; b) sociable; c) reserved;
13. Our teacher reads a lot and knows much. So he is
a) snobbish; b) industrious; c) knowledgeable;
14. He never lets you down. He's very
a) brave; b) discreet; c) reliable;
15. The boy was rather ... although he had spent all his life in a remote mountain village.
a) gifted; b) smart; c) brainless;
16. Everything falls out of her hands, as she is very
a) sullen; b) impatient; c) obstinate;
17. She was ... by the ambiguous remarks he made to her.
a) exciting; b) confused; c) dismayed;
18. Women spent hours having their hair done in

- a) fashion; b) plaits; c) fringe;
19. Arthur didn't have a house of his own. He had lived in
a) attic; b) digs; c) a suite;
20. I hate to have my ... at a restaurant.
a) guests; b) meals; c) shopping;

III Make pairs of opposites.

Immigrant, bristly, natural, progressive, touchy, hollow, alive, divorced, dead, attractive, married, native, good-looking, man-made, plump, clean-shaven, conservative, dowdy, thick-skinned, repulsive.

IV Make pairs of synonyms.

Roast, single, slatternly, rare, sincere, lodging, cardigan, scruffy, resemble, unique, frank, digs, patient, look like, touchy, wicked, tolerant, hypersensitive, evil, bachelor, jacket, simmer.